

THE PEOPLE'S

ALMANAC.

- 1843 -

RB204, 873



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THE PEOPLE'S ALMANAC,

FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD

1843:

BEING THE THIRD AFTER LEAP YEAR,
THE SIXTH OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

And the Eighty-third of British Rule in Canada.



CONTAINING BESIDES THE
Astronomical Calculations and Official Lists,
MUCH USEFUL INFORMATION,
Adapted to the circumstances of the Country.

BY ANDREW MARVEL.

TORONTO:
LESSLIE, BROTHERS, PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS.

Herschell's Weather Table.

The following table is constructed upon a philosophical consideration of the attraction of the Sun and Moon in their several positions respecting the earth ; and confirmed by the experience of many years actual observation, will, without trouble, suggest to the observer what kind of weather will most probably follow the Moon's entrance into any of her quarters. and that so near the truth, that in very few instances will it be found to fail. When it is said "Very rainy," it is not designed to convey the idea that it will rain all the time, but taking the whole of this quarter of the moon, and one or two of the first days of the next quarter, it will be "very rainy," compared with the general state of the weather for that season of the year, and so of all the other statements.

The Moon's entrance, at full, change and quarters, during six of the afternoon hours, viz. from four to ten, may be followed by fair weather; this is mostly dependent on the wind. The same entrance during all the hours after midnight, except the two first is unfavorable to fair weather, the like, nearly, may be observed in winter.

<i>Change of Moon.</i>	<i>Summer.</i>	<i>Winter.</i>
If it be new or full moon, or the moon enters into the first or last quarters, at the hour of 12 at noon,	} Very rainy,	Rain and snow.
Or between the hours of 2 & 4 P. M.		
4 & 6.	Changeable,	Fair and mild.
6 & 8,	Fair,	Fair.
8 & 10,	{ Fair if wind N.	{ Fair and frosty if
10 & midn't,	{ W.; Rainy if S. or	{ N. or N.E.: Rainy
Midnight and 2, A.M.	{ S. W.	{ if S. or S.W.
2 & 4,	Ditto,	Ditto.
4 & 6,	Fair,	Fair and frosty.
6 & 8,	Ditto,	{ Hard frost unless
8 & 10,	Cold, freq'nt show'rs	{ wind S. or S. W.
10 & noon.	Rain,	Snow and storm.
	Wind and Rain,	Storm.
	Changeable,	Ditto. [if E.
	Frequent showers,	Cold, rain if W., snow
		Cold with high wind.

Among the great blessings and wonders of the creation, may be classed the regularities of times and seasons.

ECLIPSES FOR 1843.

This year there will be two Eclipses of the Sun, and one Eclipse of the Moon.

1st. Of the Sun, June 27 th—invisible.

2d. Of the Moon, December 6th, visible at 7 o'clock 28min. in the evening.

3d. Of the Sun, December 21st—invisible.

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES FOR 1843.

Dominical Letter,	A	Solar Cycle,	4
Golden Number,	1	Roman Indiction,	1
Epact,	0	Julian Period,	6556

MOVEABLE FEASTS.

Easter Sunday,	April 16	Whit Sunday,	June 4
Rogation Sunday,	May 21	Advent Sunday,	December 3
Ascension Day,	May 25	First Day of Lent	March 1

Old and New Style.

The Julian Year, introduced by Julius Cæsar, 45 years before the Birth of Christ, made every fourth year, without exception a leap year. This however, was an over correction; for it supposed the length of the tropical year to be $365\frac{1}{4}$ days, which is too great, and induces an error of 7 days in 900 years. Accordingly, as early as the year 1414, it was perceived that the equinoxes werre gradually moving from the 21st of March and September, where they ought always to have fallen, had the Julian year been exact. A new reform of the calendar was thus required; and it took place under the popedom of Gregory XIII., by the omission of ten nominal days after the 4th of October, 1582, so the next day was called the 15th and not the 5th. This change was immediately adopted in all Roman Catholic countries, but tardily in the countries of Protestantism.

In England, *the change of style*, as it was called, took place after the 2d day of September, 1752. eleven nominal days being then struck out; so that the last day of Old style being the 2d, the 1st of New style, (the next day,) was called the 14th instead of the 3rd. The same legislative enactment which established the Gregorian year in England in 1752, shortened the preceding year, 1751 by a full quarter. Previous to that time the year was held to begin with the 25th of March, and the year 1751 accordingly did so; but that year was not suffered to run out, being supplanted on the 1st of January by the year 1752, which it was enacted should commence on that day.

Russia is now the only country in Europe, in which the old style is still adhered to, and the difference between the other European and Russian dates amounts, at present to about two weeks.

Another Year! my heart exulting cries,
 Another Year! with promised blessings rise!
 Eternal Power! from whom these blessings flow,
 Teach me still more to wonder, more to know,
 And let me ever midst these bounties raise,
 A humble note of thankfulness and praise.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 8th day, 3rd hour, 27 minutes, afternoon.

Full Moon, 16th " 3rd " 43 " morning.

Last Quarter, 22d " 8th " 17 " evening.

New Moon, 30th " 7th " 17 " morning.

M	DW	MEMORABLE DAYS, &C.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets.	Sun's Declen.	Moon R. or S.
1	SUN	Union of Engl'd & Ireland 1801.	7 25 4	44	23° 2'	5 33
2	MON	Mackenzie's third election for	7 25 4	44	22 57	6 42
3	TUE	York County, 1832. Glass	7 25 4	45	22 52	7 44
4	WED	Windows began to be used,	7 25 4	45	22 46	8 47
5	THU	1180.	7 25 4	46	22 39	9 48
6	FRID		7 25 4	47	22 32	10 44
7	SAT	[Caboul, 1842.	7 25 4	48	22 25	11 46
8	SUN	British Army destroyed near	7 25 4	49	22 17	Morn.
9	MON	Penny Postage Estab'd 1840.	7 25 4	50	22 9	0 51
10	TUE		7 25 4	51	22 0	1 53
11	WED		7 24 4	52	21 51	2 58
12	THU	Navy Island Evacuated, 1838.	7 24 4	53	21 42	4 2
13	FRI	St'r Lexington burnt, 1840.	7 24 4	54	21 32	5 8
14	SAT	Colored People free in Scot-	7 23 4	55	21 22	6 2
15	SUN	land, 1778.	7 23 4	56	21 11	6 55
16	MON		7 22 4	58	21 0	Rises.
17	TUE	Franklin born, 1706.	7 21 4	59	20 48	6 53
18	WED		7 21 5	0	20 36	8 9
19	THU		7 20 5	2	20 24	9 20
20	FRI		7 19 5	3	20 11	10 37
21	SAT	Louis XVI executed, 1793.	7 19 5	4	19 58	11 49
22	SUN		7 18 5	5	19 45	Morn.
23	MON		7 17 5	6	19 31	1 8
24	TUE		7 17 5	7	19 17	2 21
25	WED	Edward II murdered, 1327.	7 16 5	8	19 2	3 21
26	THU		7 15 5	9	18 47	4 28
27	FRI		7 14 5	10	18 32	5 23
28	SAT	Peter the Great died, 1725.	7 14 5	12	18 17	6 5
29	SUN		7 13 5	13	18 1	6 39
30	MON	Charles I beheaded, 1668.	7 12 5	14	17 44	Sets.
31	TUE		7 11 5	16	17 28	6 35

Nature! Great parent! whose unceasing hand
Rolls round the Seasons of the changeful year,
How mighty, how majestic are thy works!
With what a pleasing dread they swell the soul.

The clear ethereal round
Shines out intensely keen, it freezes on
From pole to pole the frigid influence falls
Thro' the still night incessant, heavy, strong!

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 7th day, 11th hour, 48 minutes, afternoon.

Full Moon, 14th " 3rd " 25 " morning.

Last Quarter, 21st " 6th " 1 " morning.

DM	DW	MEMORABLE DAYS, &C.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets.	Sun's Declen.	Moon R. or S
1	Wed		7 10	5 18	17° 11'	7 36
2	Thu	Dr. Gregory LL. D. died at Woolwich (England,) 1842.	7 9	5 19	16 54	8 29
3	Fri		7 8	5 20	16 36	9 34
4	Sat		7 7	5 21	16 19	10 36
5	SUN	Failure of the Bank of the United States, 1842.	7 6	5 22	16 1	11 35
6	Mon		7 5	5 23	15 42	Morn.
7	Tue		7 4	5 25	15 24	0 46
8	Wed		7 3	5 26	15 5	1 48
9	Thu		7 2	5 27	14 46	2 49
10	Fri	Lord Sydenham Governor of [Canada, 1841.	7 1	5 28	14 27	3 49
11	Sat		6 59	5 30	14 7	4 53
12	SUN		6 58	5 31	13 47	5 28
13	Mon	[life, 1840. St. Valentines day.	6 57	5 33	13 27	5 59
14	Tue	Frost the Chartist banished for	6 55	5 34	13 7	Rises.
15	Wed	Treaty of Ghent, 1815.	6 54	5 35	12 47	7 4
16	Thu		6 52	5 36	12 26	8 18
17	Fri		6 51	5 37	12 5	9 31
18	Sat	Canada Settled by the French, 1534.	6 50	5 38	11 44	10 51
19	SUN		6 49	5 39	11 23	Morn.
20	Mon		6 48	5 40	11 2	0 23
21	Tue		6 46	5 42	10 40	1 22
22	Wed	Washington born, 1732.	6 45	5 43	10 18	2 23
23	Thu		6 43	5 44	9 56	3 15
24	Fri		6 42	5 46	9 34	4 6
25	Sat		6 40	5 47	8 50	4 52
26	SUN	Napoleon leaves Elba, 1815.	6 39	5 48	8 27	5 15
27	Mon	Artesian Well, Paris, finished, depth 1794 feet, 1841.	6 37	5 49	8 18	5 37
28	Tue		6 36	5 50	8 2	6 0

Whatever gives pain to others, deserves not the name of pleasure.

3rd MONTH,

MARCH,

HATH XXXI DAYS.

Still Winter reigns! ruling the varied year
 Sullen and boisterous, with his rising train
 Of Equinoctial gales, fleet Harbingers!
 Of clouds and sunshine from more genial climes.

MOON'S CHANGES.

New Moon, 1st day, 1st hour, 18 minutes, morning.
 First Quarter, 9th " 5th " 4 " morning.
 Full moon, 16th " 1st " 10 " morning.
 Last Quarter, 22nd " 5th " 49 " afternoon.
 New Moon, 30th " 7th " 4 " afternoon.

DM	D. W.	MEMORABLE DAYS, &C.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Sun's Declen.	Moon R. & S.
1	Wed		6 35	5 51	7° 42'	Sets.
2	Thu	John Wesley died, 1791.	6 34	5 51	7 19	7 24
3	Fri		6 32	5 52	6 56	8 25
4	Sat	W. H. Harrison President of	6 31	5 54	6 33	9 27
5	SUN	the United States, 1841.	6 29	5 55	6 10	10 30
6	Mon		6 28	5 56	5 47	11 31
7	Tue		6 26	5 57	5 24	Morn
8	Wed		6 25	5 59	5 0	0 36
9	Thu		6 23	6 0	4 37	1 38
10	Fri		6 21	6 1	4 14	2 40
11	Sat		6 19	6 2	3 50	3 18
12	SUN		6 17	6 3	3 27	3 56
13	Mon		6 15	6 4	3 3	4 31
14	Tue		6 14	6 5	2 39	5 4
15	Wed	Steamer President lost at sea	6 13	6 6	2 16	5 33
16	Thu	with 109 souls, 1841	6 11	6 7	1 52	Rises
17	Fri	St. Patrick's Day.	6 10	6 8	1 28	8 26
18	Sat	Colonial Stamp Act repealed,	6 8	6 9	1 5	9 52
19	SUN	1766.	6 6	6 10	0 41	11 3
20	Mon		6 4	6 11	0 17	Morn
21	Tue		6 3	6 13	North	0 15
22	Wed	Day and Night Equal.	6 1	6 14	0 29	1 3
23	Thu		6 0	6 15	0 53	2 3
24	Fri		5 59	6 16	1 16	2 44
25	Sat		5 57	6 17	1 40	3 14
26	SUN	Napoleon enters Paris, 1815.	5 55	6 18	2 4	3 42
27	Mon	Peace of Amiens, 1802.	5 54	6 19	2 27	4 8
28	Tue		5 53	6 20	2 51	4 28
29	Wed		5 51	6 21	3 14	4 50
30	Thu		5 49	6 22	3 37	Sets
31	Fri		5 47	6 23	4 1	7 20

Emerging from a wintry cloud
 Sad April now appears;
 But sunny smiles and gentle gales
 Will dissipate his tears.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 7th day 6th hour, 22 minutes, afternoon.
 Full Moon, 14th " 9th " 45 " morning.
 Last Quarter, 21st " 7th " 40 " morning.
 New Moon, 29th " 12th " 34 " morning.

DM	D. W.	MEMORABLE DAYS, &C.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets.	Sun's Declen.	Moon R. & S.
1	Satu		5 45	6 24	4° 24'	8 19
2	SUN		5 43	6 25	4 47	9 24
3	Mon		5 41	6 26	5 10	10 28
4	Tue	President Harrison, U. S. died	5 39	6 27	5 33	11 29
5	Wed	1841.	5 37	6 28	5 56	Morn
6	Thu	Revolution in Brazil, 1831.	5 35	6 29	6 19	0 24
7	Fri		5 33	6 30	6 41	1 11
8	Sat		5 32	6 31	7 4	1 53
9	SUN	John Tyler, President, U. S.	5 30	6 32	7 26	2 31
10	Mon	1841.	5 28	6 33	7 48	3 3
11	Tue		5 27	6 34	8 11	3 30
12	Wed		5 25	6 35	8 33	3 59
13	Thu	Roman Catholics Emancipated,	5 24	6 36	8 54	4 32
14	Fri	Good Friday. 1829.	5 23	6 37	9 16	Rises
15	Sat		5 21	6 38	9 38	8 36
16	SUN		5 20	6 39	9 59	9 52
17	Mon	Great fire at Kingston, 1840.	5 18	6 40	10 20	10 59
18	Tue		5 16	6 41	10 41	11 55
19	Wed		5 15	6 42	11 2	Morn
20	Thu		5 13	6 43	11 23	0 37
21	Fri	Riot at Montreal, 1832.	5 12	6 45	11 44	1 14
22	Sat		5 10	6 46	12 4	1 42
23	SUN	St. George's Day.	5 9	6 47	12 24	2 10
24	Mon		5 8	6 48	12 44	2 32
25	Tue	Cromwell born, 1599.	5 6	6 49	13 4	2 53
26	Wed		5 5	6 50	13 23	3 16
27	Thu	York (Toronto) taken, 1813.	5 4	6 51	13 43	3 37
28	Fri		5 2	6 52	14 2	4 3
29	Sat	[1827.	5 1	6 53	14 20	Sets.
30	SUN	London University founded,	5 0	6 54	14 39	8 18

He that will not look before him, will have to look behind him.
 Fortune often prepares a repast then takes away the appetite.

5th MONTH,

MAY,

HATH XXXI DAYS.

Sweet May! with flowery chaplets bound
 Of Hope and Love and Youth and gladness
 Wind-winged Emblem, Sister of Joy!
 Whence comest thou? the Alpha and th' Omega
 Of our Ephemeral spring.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 7th day, 3rd hour, 40 minutes, morning.
 Full Moon, 13th " 5th " 50 " afternoon.
 Last Quarter, 21st " 11th " 10 " morning.
 New Moon, 28th " 2nd " 10 " morning.

DM	D. W.	MEMORABLE DAYS, &C.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Sun's Declen.	Moon R. or S
1	Mon		4 59	6 55	14° 57'	9 24
2	Tue		4 58	6 56	15 16	10 22
3	Wed		4 57	6 57	15 33	11 9
4	Thu		4 56	6 58	15 51	11 56
5	Fri		4 55	6 59	16 8	Morn
6	Sat	[go, 1842.	4 54	7 0	16 25	0 29
7	SUN	Great Earthquake in St. Domin-	4 53	7 1	16 42	1 0
8	Mon	Dreadful rail road disaster in	4 52	7 2	16 59	1 29
9	Tue	France, 1842.	4 51	7 3	17 15	1 57
10	Wed		4 50	7 4	17 31	2 29
11	Thu	Hamburgh destroyed by fire,	4 49	7 5	17 47	2 56
12	Fri	1842.	4 48	7 6	18 2	3 27
13	Sat		4 47	7 7	18 17	Rises
14	SUN	Vaccination first used, 1796.	4 46	7 8	18 32	8 25
15	Mon	West India Steamer Medina,	4 44	7 9	18 46	9 41
16	Tue	lost, 1842.	4 43	7 10	19 0	10 31
17	Wed		4 42	7 11	19 14	11 15
18	Thu		4 41	7 12	19 28	11 48
19	Fri		4 40	7 13	19 41	Morn
20	Sat	York Minster burned by a	4 39	7 14	19 54	0 13
21	SUN	Maniac, 1840. La Fayette	4 38	7 14	20 6	5 35
22	Mon	died, 1834.	4 37	7 15	20 18	0 59
23	Tue		4 36	7 16	20 30	1 22
24	Wed	Queen Victoria born, 1819.	4 36	7 17	20 42	1 42
25	Thu	Canton Bombarded by the Bri-	4 35	7 18	20 53	2 4
26	Fri	tish, 1841.	4 34	7 19	21 3	2 36
27	Sat		4 34	7 20	21 14	3 21
28	SUN		4 33	7 21	21 24	Sets
29	Mon		4 32	7 22	21 34	8 11
30	Tue		4 32	7 22	21 43	9 19
31	Wed		4 31	7 23	21 52	9 52

Death hath nothing in it terrible, but what life hath made so.

6th MONTH,

JUNE,

HATH XXX DAYS.

Unhappy he, who in this season pent
 Within the dusty gloom of City lane
 Pines for the flowery paths and woody shades
 Of Nature's verdant Empire, good and fair
 From which the love of lucre or of power
 Enticed his youthful steps.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 5th day, 9th hour, 51 minutes morning
 Full Moon, 12th " 2nd " 26 " afternoon.
 Last Quarter, 19th " 3rd " 45 " morning.
 New Moon, 27th " 2nd " 36 " afternoon.

DM	D. W.	MEMORABLE DAYS, &C	Sun Rises	Sun Sets.	Sun's Declen.	Moon R.orS.
1	Thu		4 30	7 24	22° 0'	10 32
2	Fri		4 30	7 25	22 8	11 2
3	Sat		4 30	7 25	22 16	11 38
4	SUN	British Whig Ministry voted out	4 29	7 26	22 23	Morn
5	Mon	1841. Grand Jubilee of	4 29	7 26	22 30	0 0
6	Tue	George III, 1809.	4 29	7 27	22 37	0 26
7	Wed	Reform Bill passed 1832.	4 28	7 28	22 43	0 58
8	Thu		4 28	7 28	22 49	1 30
9	Fri		4 28	7 29	22 54	1 56
10	Sat		4 28	7 29	22 59	2 37
11	SUN		4 28	7 30	23 4	3 23
12	Mon		4 28	7 30	23 8	Rises
13	Tue		4 28	7 31	23 12	9 6
14	Wed		4 28	7 31	23 15	9 46
15	Thu	First Parliament of Canada,	4 28	7 32	23 18	10 13
16	Fri	1841.	4 28	7 32	23 21	10 41
17	Sat		4 28	7 33	23 23	11 4
18	SUN		4 28	7 33	23 24	11 27
19	Mon	Magna Charta Signed, 1215.	4 29	7 34	23 26	11 49
20	Tue	Victoria Queen of Great Bri-	4 29	7 34	23 27	Morn
21	Wed	tain, 1837.	4 29	7 34	23 27	0 8
22	Thu	Edward V Murdered, 1483.	4 29	7 34	23 27	0 35
23	Fri		4 29	7 35	23 27	1 0
24	Sat		4 30	7 35	23 26	1 33
25	SUN		4 30	7 35	23 25	2 15
26	Mon		4 30	7 35	23 23	3 2
27	Tue		4 30	7 35	23 21	Sets
28	Wed	Queen's Coronation, 1838.	4 31	7 35	23 19	8 33
29	Thu		4 31	7 35	23 16	9 12
30	Fri		4 31	7 35	23 13	9 40

Greatness may build the Tomb, but goodness must give the Epitaph.

7th MONTH,

JULY,

HATH XXXI DAYS.

The heavens in solemn stillness, see !
 Black watery mists and rolling clouds conspire
 To wage the awful elemental war !
 Lightning, its fatal light and power displays ;
 Hear ye the thunder of His power, Behold !
 The thirsty land receive th' abundant rain,
 And praise the God of nature's vast domain !

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 4th day, 2nd hour, 18 minutes, afternoon.
 Full Moon, 11th " 0th " 21 " afternoon.
 Last Quarter, 19th " 8th " 56 " morning.
 New Moon, 27th " 0th " 58 " afternoon.

DM	D. W	MEMORABLE DAYS, &C.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets.	Sun's Declen.	Moon R. & S'
1	Sat		4 32	7 35	23° 9'	10 8
2	SUN		4 32	7 35	23 5	10 32
3	Mon		4 32	7 35	23 0	11 4
4	Tue	Independence of the U.S. 1783.	4 33	7 34	22 56	11 34
5	Wed	Algiers taken by the French,	4 33	7 34	22 50	Morn
6	Thu	1830.	4 34	7 34	22 45	0 2
7	Fri		4 35	7 34	22 39	0 37
8	Sat		4 35	7 33	22 32	1 18
9	SUN	Steamer <i>Shamrock</i> explodes	4 36	7 33	22 25	2 12
10	Mon	near Lachine, 1842.	4 37	7 33	22 18	3 8
11	Tue		4 38	7 32	22 11	Rises
12	Wed		4 39	7 32	22 3	8 13
13	Thu	Duc d'Orlean's killed near Paris	4 39	7 31	21 54	8 14
14	Fri	1842.	4 40	7 31	21 45	9 5
15	Sat		4 41	7 30	21 36	9 27
16	SUN		4 42	7 29	21 27	9 51
17	Mon		4 43	7 29	21 17	10 14
18	Tue	First Steamship arrives at Hali-	4 44	7 28	21 7	10 35
19	Wed	fax, N. S., 1840.	4 44	7 27	20 56	11 1
20	Thu		4 45	7 27	20 45	11 35
21	Fri		4 46	7 26	20 34	Morn
22	Sat		4 47	7 25	20 22	0 10
23	SUN	Gibraltar taken, 1704. Canada	4 48	7 24	20 11	0 50
24	Mon	United, 1840.	4 49	7 23	19 58	1 46
25	Tue		4 49	7 22	19 46	2 52
26	Wed		4 50	7 22	19 33	Sets.
27	Thu		4 51	7 21	19 19	7 40
28	Fri	Earl of Durham dies, 1841.	4 52	7 20	19 6	8 9
29	Sat		4 53	7 19	18 52	8 36
30	SUN	Revolution in Paris, 1830.	4 54	7 18	18 38	9 9
31	Mon		4 55	7 17	18 23	9 37

8th MONTH,

AUGUST,

HATH XXXI DAYS

Attempered suns arise
 Sweet beam'd and shedding oft through lucid clouds
 A pleasing calm, while broad and brown below
 Extensive harvest hangs their heavy head.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 2nd day, 6th hour, 42 minutes, afternoon.
 Full Moon, 10th " 0th " 10 " morning.
 Last Quarter, 18th " 2nd " 5 " morning.
 New Moon, 22nd " 9th " 51 " morning.

MD	D. W.	MEMORABLE DAYS, &C.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets.	Sun's Declen	Moon R. or S.
1	Tue	America discovered, 1498.	4 57	7 15	18° 8'	10 10
2	Wed		4 57	7 15	17 53	10 41
3	Thu		4 58	7 14	17 38	11 17
4	Fri		4 59	7 13	17 22	Morn
5	Sat	Death for Burglary abolished,	5 0	7 12	17 6	0 5
6	SUN	1833. [British, 1839.	5 1	7 11	16 50	1 0
7	Mon	Occupation of Caboul by the	5 2	7 10	16 33	2 3
8	Tue	Canning died, 1827.	5 3	7 8	16 16	3 12
9	Wed	Louis Philippe elected King of	5 4	7 7	15 59	4 17
10	Thu	the French, 1830.	5 5	7 6	15 42	Rises
11	Fri		5 6	7 5	15 24	7 31
12	Sat	Bishops no longer eligible for	5 7	7 3	15 7	7 53
13	SUN	seats in the Parliament of	5 8	7 2	14 48	8 18
14	Mon	Canada, 1841.	5 9	7 0	14 30	8 39
15	Tue		5 10	6 59	14 12	9 4
16	Wed		5 11	6 58	13 53	9 31
17	Thu		5 12	6 57	13 34	10 6
18	Fri		5 13	6 55	13 15	10 47
19	Sat		5 14	6 54	12 55	11 34
20	SUN	Treaty of Washington signed,	5 15	6 53	12 36	Morn
21	Mon	1842.	5 16	6 51	12 16	0 13
22	Tue		5 17	6 50	11 56	1 58
23	Wed	Wallace beheaded, 1305. Wa-	5 18	6 49	11 36	2 54
24	Thu	shington taken by the British,	5 19	6 47	11 15	4 9
25	Fri	1814.	5 20	6 45	10 55	Sets
26	Sat		5 21	6 43	10 34	7 7
27	SUN	Bombardment of Algiers, 1816.	5 22	6 41	10 13	7 40
28	Mon		5 23	6 40	9 52	8 11
29	Tue		5 24	6 38	9 31	8 45
30	Wed		5 25	6 36	9 9	9 18
31	Thu		5 26	6 34	8 48	10 6

The love of justice is often nothing more than the fear of suffering injustice.

9th MONTH,

SEPTEMBER,

HATH XXX DAYS.

Such is of well spent life the time,
 When busy days are past;
 Man verging gradual from his prime
 Meets sacred peace at last:
 He gains pacific Autum meek and bland
 And dauntless braves the stroke of winter's palsied hand.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 1st day, 0 hour, 38 minutes, morning.
 Full Moon, 8th " 2nd " 13 " afternoon.
 Last Quarter, 16th " 6th " 28 " afternoon.
 New Moon, 23rd " 6th " 8 " afternoon.
 First Quarter, 30th " 9th " 26 " morning.

DM	D. W.	MEMORABLE DAYS, &C.	Sun Rises	Sun Rises	Sun's Declen.	Moon R.orS.
1	Fri	The Queen visits Scotland, 1842.	5 28	6 32	8° 26'	11 0
2	Sat	Earthquake at Carthage, 1841.	5 28	6 32	8 4	Morn
3	SUN	London burnt, 1666. Crom-	5 29	6 30	7 42	0 1
4	Mon	well died, 1658.	5 30	6 29	7 20	1 3
5	Tue	First Congress, U. S. 1774.	5 31	6 27	6 58	2 7
6	Wed		5 32	6 26	6 36	3 14
7	Thu		5 33	6 24	6 13	4 15
8	Fri	Second Session of 1st Parlia-	5 34	6 23	5 51	Rises
9	Sat	liament of Canada, 1842.	5 35	6 21	5 28	6 22
10	SUN		5 36	6 19	5 6	6 45
11	Mon		5 37	6 18	4 43	7 10
12	Tue		5 38	6 16	4 20	7 41
13	Wed		5 39	6 14	3 57	8 8
14	Thu	Moscow burnt, 1812.	5 40	6 12	3 34	8 45
15	Fri		5 41	6 10	3 11	9 29
16	Sat		5 42	6 8	2 48	10 22
17	SUN		5 42	6 7	2 25	11 19
18	Mon		5 43	6 5	2 1	Morn
19	Tue	Lord Sydenham died, 1841.	5 44	6 4	1 38	0 28
20	Wed	Dr. Francia, Dictator of Para-	5 45	6 2	1 15	1 42
21	Thu	guay, died, 1842.	5 46	6 1	0 51	2 55
22	Fri		5 47	6 1	0 28	4 11
23	Sat	Great Fire at Liverpool 1842.	5 48	5 58	South	Sets
24	SUN		5 49	5 55	0 18	6 6
25	Mon	Columbus sails on his first Voy-	5 50	5 53	0 41	6 40
26	Tue	age 1492.	5 51	5 52	1 5	7 16
27	Wed		5 52	5 50	1 28	8 2
28	Thu		5 53	5 49	1 51	8 52
29	Fri		5 54	5 47	2 15	9 51
30	Sat		5 55	5 45	2 38	10 52

10th MONTH,

OCTOBER,

HATH XXNI DAYS.

Catch then, O catch the transient hour!

Improve each moment as it flies,

Life's a short summer, Man a flower,

He dies, Alas! how soon he dies!

MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon, 8th day, 6th hour, 32 minutes, morning.

Last Quarter, 16th " 9th " 15 " morning.

New Moon, 23rd " 2nd " 51 " morning.

First Quarter, 29th " 9th " 58 " afternoon.

DM	D. W.	MEMORABLE DAYS, &C.	Sun Rises	Sun Rises	Sun's Declen.	Moon R. nr S.
1	SUN	First Steamer, New York to	5 57	5 42	3° 2'	Morn.
2	Mon	Albany, 1807.	5 57	5 42	3 25	0 3
3	Tue		5 58	5 41	3 48	1 7
4	Wed	Dr. Channing died, 1842.	5 59	5 39	4 11	2 10
5	Thu		6 0	5 38	4 35	3 14
6	Frid		6 1	5 37	4 58	4 12
7	Satu		6 2	5 35	5 21	5 8
8	SUN		6 3	5 34	5 44	Rises.
9	Mon		6 4	5 32	6 7	5 39
10	Tue	Camperdown, 1797.	6 5	5 31	6 30	6 9
11	Wed	[1842.	6 6	5 29	6 52	6 45
12	Thu	Freedom of Election Bill, passed	6 7	5 28	7 15	7 24
13	Frid	Queenston, 1812.	6 8	5 26	7 37	8 15
14	Satu		6 9	5 25	8 0	9 14
15	SUN	[al Parlia't House burnt, 1831.	6 10	5 23	8 22	10 13
16	Mon	Kosciusko, died, 1817. Imperi-	6 11	5 22	8 45	11 12
17	Tue	Burgoyne at Saratoga, 1777.	6 12	5 20	9 7	Morn.
18	Wed		6 13	5 18	9 29	0 33
19	Thu	Cornwallis at Yorktown, 1781.	6 14	5 17	9 50	1 44
20	Frid	Navarino, 1827.	6 15	5 15	10 12	3 0
21	Satu	Trafalgar, 1805.	6 16	5 14	10 34	4 10
22	SUN		6 18	5 12	10 55	5 29
23	Mon		6 19	5 11	11 16	Sets.
24	Tue	1st British Parliament, 1707,	6 20	5 10	11 37	5 49
25	Wed		6 21	5 8	11 58	6 42
26	Thu		6 22	5 7	12 19	7 33
27	Frid		6 24	5 5	12 40	8 43
28	Satu		6 25	5 4	13 0	9 50
29	SUN	Raleigh beheaded, 1618	6 26	5 3	13 20	11 6
30	Mon	Bishops first met in Parliament,	6 27	5 1	13 40	Morn.
31	Tue	1661.	6 28	5 0	14 0	0 4

A beggarly clergy is the sure sign of a bankrupt religion,

Swearing and obscenity are sins without temptation, without alleviation and without reward.

11th MONTH,

NOVEMBER,

HATH XXX DAYS.

How fumid is the sky ! how gleams
 The florid sun o'er yonder distant hill!
 How soft the murmurs of the icy stream
 That winds along the snow-clad vale.
 How tranquil, yet how bleak and sear,
 The Red man's summer of the year!

MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon, 7th day, 0 hour, 25 minutes, morning.
 Last Quarter, 14th " 9th " 49 " afternoon.
 New Moon, 21st " 0 " 49 " afternoon.
 First Quarter, 28th " 2nd " 24 " afternoon.

DM	D. W.	MEMORABLE DAYS, &C.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Sun's Declen	Moon R.orS.
1	Wed	Court of Chancery removed to	6 30	4 58	14° 19'	1 3
2	Thu	Toronto, 1842.	6 30	4 58	14 38	2 4
3	Fri	Destruction and capture of St.	6 31	4 57	14 57	3 2
4	Sat	Jean d'Acre. 1840.	6 32	4 56	15 16	4 4
5	SUN	Gunpowder plot.	6 34	4 54	15 34	5 4
6	Mon	War with China, 1839, com-	6 35	4 53	15 53	6 5
7	Tue	monly called the <i>Opium</i> war.	6 36	4 51	16 11	Rises
8	Wed		6 38	4 50	16 28	5 26
9	Thu	Prince of Wales, (Edward VII.)	6 39	4 49	16 46	6 12
10	Fri	born, 1841.	6 40	4 48	17 3	7 9
11	Sat		6 42	4 47	17 20	8 10
12	SUN	Tragedy at Prescott, U.C. 1838.	6 43	4 46	17 36	9 19
13	Mon	Curran the Irish Orator died,	6 44	4 45	17 53	10 18
14	Tue	1817.	6 46	4 44	18 8	11 25
15	Wed		6 47	4 43	18 24	Morn
16	Thu		6 48	4 42	18 39	0 42
17	Fri		6 49	4 41	18 54	1 45
18	Sat	Cortes sails for Mexico, 1518.	6 50	4 40	19 9	3 1
19	SUN	Cardinal Wolsey died, 1530.	6 51	4 39	19 23	4 21
20	Mon		6 53	4 39	19 37	5 37
21	Tue		6 54	4 38	19 51	Sets
22	Wed		6 55	4 37	20 4	5 18
23	Thu		6 56	4 36	20 17	6 19
24	Fri		6 57	4 36	20 29	7 29
25	Sat		6 58	4 35	20 41	8 37
26	SUN		6 59	4 34	20 53	9 45
27	Mon		7 0	4 34	21 4	10 49
28	Tue		7 1	4 33	21 15	11 57
29	Wed		7 3	4 33	21 26	Morn
30	Thu	St. Andrew's Day.	7 4	4 33	21 36	0 54

12th MONTH,

DECEMBER,

HATH XXXI DAYS.

Is it now fitting that on winter's eve,
 When time is plenteous on the Yeoman's hand,
 That any of his humbler sons should pine
 For lack of culture in this favor'd land ?
 That need-full knowledge in this age of light
 Should not, by birth, be every Briton's right ?

MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon, 6th day, 7th hour, 16 minutes, afternoon.

Last Quarter, 14th " 0 " 53 " morning.

New Moon, 21st " 0 " 10 " morning.

First Quarter, 28th " 10th " 8 " morning.

DM	D. M.	MEMORABLE DAYS, &C.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Sun's Declen.	Moon R.orS.
1	Fri	Alexander I., of Russia, died,	7 6	4 34	21°45'	1 55
2	Sat	1825.	7 6	4 34	21 55	2 57
3	SUN		7 7	4 34	22 4	3 57
4	Mon		7 8	4 33	22 12	5 0
5	Tue	Marshall Ney shot, 1815.	7 9	4 33	22 20	6 1
6	Wed		7 10	4 33	22 28	Rises
7	Thu		7 11	4 33	22 35	4 59
8	Fri	Von Shultz hung at Kingston,	7 12	4 33	22 42	6 0
9	Sat	[1838.	7 13	4 33	22 48	7 5
10	SUN		7 14	4 33	22 54	8 9
11	Mon		7 15	4 33	22 59	9 19
12	Tue	James II. abdicated, 1688.	7 16	4 33	23 4	10 28
13	Wed		7 16	4 33	23 8	11 34
14	Thu	Washington died, 1799.	7 17	4 34	23 12	Morn
15	Fri	Public funeral of Napoleon at	7 17	4 34	23 16	0 44
16	Sat	Boston Tea Party, [Paris, 1840.	7 18	4 34	23 19	2 0
17	SUN	1773. Great Fire in New	7 18	4 34	23 21	3 18
18	Mon	York, 1835.	7 19	4 35	23 23	4 30
19	Tue		7 19	4 35	23 25	5 46
20	Wed		7 20	4 36	23 26	Sets.
21	Thu		7 20	4 36	23 27	5 5
22	Fri	Pilgrims land in New England,	7 21	4 37	23 27	6 13
23	Sat	1620.	7 21	4 37	23 26	7 24
24	SUN		7 22	4 38	23 25	8 36
25	Mon	Christmas Day.	7 22	4 38	23 23	9 38
26	Tue		7 23	4 39	23 21	10 42
27	Wed	[France, 1832.	7 23	4 39	23 18	11 40
28	Thu	Hereditary rights abolished in	7 24	4 40	23 15	Morn
29	Fri	Steamer Caroline burnt, 1837.	7 24	4 40	23 15	1 45
30	Sat		7 25	4 41	23 12	2 48
31	SUN		7 25	4 42	23 8	3 49

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

The Honourable Austin Cuvillier, *Speaker*.

<i>Champlain,</i>	Rene. J. Kimber	<i>Stormont,</i>	A. McLean
<i>Ottawa,</i>	— Papineau	<i>Prescott,</i>	D. McDonald
<i>Vaudreuil,</i>	John Simpson	<i>Russell,</i>	W. H. Draper
<i>Beauharnois,</i>	E. G. Wakefield,	<i>Cornwall, town</i>	S. Y. Chesley
<i>Vercheres,</i>	L. M. Viger	<i>Dundas,</i>	J. Crook
<i>Richelieu,</i>	D. B. Viger	<i>Grenville,</i>	S. Crane
<i>St. Hyacinthe,</i>	T. Bontillier	<i>Leeds,</i>	J. Morris
<i>Megantic.</i>	Hon. D. Daly	<i>Brockville, town</i>	G. Sherwood
<i>Three Rivers, t.</i>	C. R. Ogden	<i>Lanark,</i>	M. Cameron
<i>Rouville,</i>	— Walker	<i>Carleton,</i>	J. Johnston
<i>L'Islet,</i>	E. S. Tache	<i>Bytown, town</i>	S. Derbishire
<i>Lotbiniere,</i>	J. B. I. Noel	<i>Frontenac,</i>	H. Smith, jr.
<i>Dorchester,</i>	A. Taschereau	<i>Kingston, town</i>	S. B. Harrison
<i>Saguenay,</i>	E. Parent	<i>Prince Edwards.</i>	J. P. Roblin
<i>St. Maurice,</i>	J. E. Turcotte	<i>Len. & Adding.</i>	J. S. Cartwright
<i>Rimouski,</i>	M. Borne	<i>Hastings.</i>	— — —
<i>Kamouraska,</i>	A. Berthelet	<i>Northumberland,</i>	G. M. Boswell
<i>Missisquoi,</i>	R. Jones	<i>South Riding</i>	
<i>Sherbrooke,</i>	J. Moore	<i>do. N. do.</i>	J. Gilchrist
<i>Drummond,</i>	R. N. Watts	<i>Durham,</i>	J. T. Williams
<i>Yamaska,</i>	J. G. Barthe	<i>Toronto, city</i>	{ Hon. J. H. Dunn
<i>Gaspe,</i>	R. Christie		{ I. Buchanan
<i>Bonaventure,</i>	J. R. Hamilton	<i>York, 1st Riding</i>	J. Hervey Price
<i>Berthier,</i>	D. M. Armstrong	<i>do. 2nd do.</i>	
<i>Quebec,</i>	J. Neilson	<i>do. 3rd do.</i>	J. E. Small
<i>do (city.)</i>	{ D. Burnett	<i>do. 4th do.</i>	L. H. Lafontaine
	{ H. Black	<i>Simcoe,</i>	E. Steele
<i>Montreal,</i>	A. M. Delisle	<i>Halton, E. R.</i>	C. Hopkins
<i>do. (city.)</i>	{ Hon. G. Moffatt	<i>do. W. R.</i>	J. Durand
	{ B. Holmes	<i>Wentworth,</i>	H. Smith
<i>Montmorency,</i>	F. A. Quesnel	<i>Hamilton, town</i>	A. N. McNab
<i>Portneuf,</i>	T. C. Aylwin	<i>Lincoln, N. R.</i>	W. H. Merritt
<i>Nicolet,</i>	Jas. Leslie	<i>do. S. R.</i>	D. Thorburn
<i>Bellechasse,</i>	— Turgeon	<i>Haldimand,</i>	D. Thompson
<i>Leinster,</i>	— De Witt	<i>Niagara, town</i>	H. J. Boulton
<i>Terrebonne,</i>	M. McCulloch	<i>Norfolk,</i>	I. W. Powell
<i>Two Mountains,</i>	— Forbes	<i>Oxford,</i>	F. Hincks
<i>Huntingdon,</i>	A. Cuvillier	<i>Middlesex,</i>	T. Parke
<i>Chambly,</i>	J. Yule, jr.	<i>London, town</i>	H. H. Killaly
<i>Stanstead,</i>	M. Child	<i>Essex.</i>	J. Prince
<i>Shefford,</i>	S. S. Foster	<i>Kent,</i>	J. Woods
<i>Sherbrooke, town</i>	E. Hale	<i>Huron,</i>	W. Dunlop
<i>Glengarry,</i>	J. S. McDonald		

W. B. Lindsay, *Chief Clerk Assembly*. William P. Patrick, *First Office Clerk*. William Winder, *Librarian*. Geo. Chisholm, Esq., *Sergeant-at-Arms*.

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA.

GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Rt. Hon. Sir Charles Bagot, K. G., &c. &c. &c.

Chief Secretary, R. W. Rawson, Esq.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Hon'bles. Robert Baldwin*, Edward Bowen*, L. H. Lafontaine*,
J. H. Dunn, Jno. Stewart, Louis Panet, A. W. Cochrane,
Geo. Pemberton, Hugue Heney, H. H. Killaly, F. Hincks,
S. B. Harrison, Jas. E. Small*, A. N. Morin*, T. C.
Aylwin*. *Clerk*, Etienne Parent.

Provincial Secretary, East, Hon. D. Daly,

“ “ *West*, Hon. S. B. Harrison,

“ *Registrar*, “ Hon. R. A. Tucker,
East,

Attorney General, East, Hon. L. H. Lafontaine,

“ “ *West*, Hon. Robert Baldwin,

Solicitor “ *East*, Hon. T. C. Aylwin,

“ “ *West*, Hon. James E. Small.

Receiver General, Hon. J. H. Dunn,

Inspector General, Hon. F. Hincks.

Surveyor General, Hon. Thos. Parke.

BOARD OF WORKS—*Secretary*, Thos. A. Begley, Kingston.

COMMON SCHOOLS—*East*, J. B. Mellieur, *Superintendent*.

“ “ *West*, Rev. R. Murray, do.

PROVINCIAL PENITENTIARY—H. Smith, *Warden*, Kingston.

“ “ Felix Fortier, *Inspector*.

CROWN LANDS—Hon. A. N. Morin, *Commissioner*.

INDIAN AFFAIRS—S. P. Jarvis, *Chief Superintendent*.

GOVERNMENT PRINTERS—S. Derbishire & George Desbarats.

COURT OF CHANCERY, Toronto, 1843.—The Governor General,
ex-officio, *Chancellor*; Hon. R. S. Jameson, *Vice Chancellor*; J.
G. Spragge, *Master in Chancery*; Wm. Hepburne, *Registrar*;
Felix Fortier, *Clerk Crown in Chancery*.

COURT OF PROBATE.—Wm. Hepburne, *Official Principal*;
Chas. FitzGibbon, *Registrar*.

LAW TERMS.

First Easter Term—First Monday in February.

Last do.—Second Saturday following First Monday.

First Trinity Term—Second Monday in June.

Last do.—Second Saturday following Second Monday.

First Michaelmas Term—First Monday in August.

Last do.—Second Saturday following First Monday.

First Hilary Term—First Monday in November.

Last do.—Second Saturday following First Monday.

* Also, Queen's Counsel.

WARDENS, CLERKS OF THE PEACE, TREASURERS, SHERIFFS.

DISTRICTS.	WARDENS.	CLERKS OF THE PEACE.	TREASURER.	SHERIFFS.
Bathurst, Brock, Berthier, Beauharnois, Chaudiere, Colborne, Dalhousie, Dorchester, Eastern, Gore, Gaspé, Horn, Huron, Johnstone, Kamouraski, Lake 2 Mountains, London, Leinster, Montreal, Midland, Missisquoi, Newcastle, Niagara, Nicolet,	Alex. McMillan, P. B. DeBlaquiere Wm. Harrison, Bart. Joliette, John Lambly, Geo. A. Hill, Thomas McKay, H. N. Patton, Alex. Frazer, Jao. Wetenhall. E. W. Thomson, Wm. Dunlop, A. N. Buel, J. B. Tache, D. DeHertel, John Wilson, Joseph Faribault, John Molson, John B. Marks, Wm. Baker, Walt. Boswell, D. Thorburn, James Brady,	W. K. Berford, <i>Pertk</i> , W. Lapenotiere, <i>Woodstock</i> , W. C. Wrighton, <i>Peterboro'</i> Dr. Christie, Jas. Pringie, <i>Cornwall</i> , A. Gifford, <i>Hamilton</i> , A. Beebee, & J. Wilkie, Geo. Gurnett, <i>Toronto</i> , D. Lizars, <i>Goderich</i> , J. Jessop, <i>Brockville</i> , J. B. Askin, <i>London</i> . [W. H. Brehaut, A. M. Delisle, and Jas. Nickalls, <i>Kingston</i> , T. Ward, <i>Cobourg</i> , C. Richardson, <i>Niagara</i> ,	T. M. Radenhurst, H. C. Barwick, John Gilchrist, D. O'Connor, Alex. McLean, H. Y. Beasley, F. T. Billings, Henry Ransford, A. N. Buell, John Harris, David J. Smith, Z. Burnham, D. McDougall,	J. A. H. Powell, Jas. Carroll, W. S. Conger, Alex. McMartin Allan McDonell, Martin Sheppard W. B. Jarvis, H. Hyndman. Adiel Sherwood, Jas. Hamilton, [W. F. Coffin, John Boston, and T. A. Corbett, Henry Ruttan, Wm. Kingsmill,

Ottawa.	C. A. Low,	R. P. Hotham, <i>L'Original</i> ,	C. P. Treadwell.
Prince Edward,	Jac. Howell,	D. L. Fairfield, <i>P. Edward</i> ,	O. McMahon.
Port Neuf,	Edward Hale,	Jos. F. Perrault,	Wm. S. Sewell.
Quebec,	G. O. Stuart,		
Rimouski,	Alexis Rivard,		
Richelieu,	Alexis Pinet,		
Saguenay,	John Nairne,		
Sherbrooke,	Edward Hale, Jr.		
Sydenham,	John Egan,		
St. Thomas,	E. P. Tache,	Wm. Bell,	Chas. Whicher.
St. Francis,			
St. Johns,	W. McGuire,		
St. Hyacinth,	W. J. Chaffers,		
Terrebonne,	J. D. LaCroix,		
Three Rivers,	A. Polette,	Henry B. Hughes,	Isaac G. Ogden.
Talbot,	J. W. Powell,	W. M. Wilson, <i>Simcoe</i> ,	H. V. A. Rapeljie.
Victoria.	Wm. Hutton,		J. W. D. Moodie.
Wellington,	A. D. Fordyce,	T. Saunders, <i>Guelph</i> ,	G. J. Grange.
Western,	John Dolson,	C. Baby, <i>Sandwich</i> ,	G. W. Foote.

HOME DISTRICT AND COUNTY OF YORK.

DISTRICT COURT.
SURROGATE COURT.

W. Mackenzie, *Clerk*.
W. Chewitt, *Clerk*.

Treasurer, H. D.—F. W. Billings, Court House.
Registrar, C. Y.—Samuel Ridout, Office 18, Newgate Street.

Quarter Sessions held in the City, on the first Tuesday in January, April, July, and October.

Board of Heir and Devisee Commissioners meets at the seat of Government, on the 1st July, and sits for two weeks.

Registrars of Counties, for 1843.

Carlton,.....	A. Mc Millan, <i>Richmond,</i>
Dundas,.....	Alex. Mc Donald, <i>Cornwall,</i>
Durham,.....	Thomas Ward <i>Port Hope,</i>
Essex,.....	James Askin, <i>Sandwich,</i>
Glengary,.....	A. Fraser, <i>Cornwall,</i>
Frontenac,.....	Charles Stewart, <i>Kingston</i>
Grenville,.....	James Patton, <i>Prescott,</i>
Hastings,.....	Allan Mc Lean, <i>Kingston,</i>
Halton,.....	Thomas Racey, <i>Dundas,</i>
Huron,.....	J. Galt, <i>Goderich</i>
Kent,.....	W. Jones, <i>Chatham,</i>
Lincoln and Haldimand,.....	John Lyons, <i>Niagara,</i>
Lanark,.....	G. T. Burke, <i>Perth,</i>
Lenox and Addington,.....	Allan Mc Lean, <i>Kingston,</i>
Leeds,.....	D. Jones, <i>Brockville,</i>
Middlesex,.....	M. Burwell, <i>Port Burwell,</i>
Norfolk,.....	J. Walsh, <i>Vittoria,</i>
Northumberland,.....	G. S. Boulton, <i>Cobourg,</i>
Oxford,.....	James Ingersoll, <i>Oxford,</i>
Peterboro,.....	Charles Rubidge, <i>Peterboro,</i>
Prescott and Russell,.....	Peter Freel, <i>L'Original,</i>
Prince Edward,.....	Allan Mc Lean, <i>Kingston,</i>
Stormont,.....	John Mc Lean, <i>Cornwall,</i>
Simcoe,.....	G. Lount, <i>Holland Landing,</i>
York,.....	S. Ridout, <i>Toronto,</i>
Waterloo,.....	H. W. Peterson, <i>Guelph,</i>
Wentworth,.....	Sir Allan Mc Nab, <i>Hamilton.</i>
Quebec.....	George H. Ryland,
Montreal,.....	Edward Dowling,
Saguenay.....	E. Tremblay,
Portneuf,.....	Henry Paul,
Three Rivers,.....	C. N. Montizambert,
Berthier,.....	Hector S. Huot,
Leinster,.....	J. M. Raymond,
Terrehonne,.....	D. Buchanan.
Two Mountains,.....	D. D. Hertel,
Beauharnois,.....	D. K. Lighthall,
Sydenham,.....	J. F. Taylor,
St. Hyacinthe,.....	James Holmes,
St. Jean,.....	C. Austin,
Missisquoi,.....	R. Dickinson,
Sherbrook,.....	W. Ritchie,
Nicolet,.....	William Robins,
Chaudiere,.....	R. A. Fortier,
Dorchester,.....	E. H. Bowen,
St. Thomas,.....	A. G. Conillard,
Kamouraska,.....	J. B. Tache,
Rimouski,.....	A. G. Ruel.
Bonaventure,.....	R. W. Filton,
Gaspe,.....	W. A. Hale,

CITY OF TORONTO.

Mayor, Henry Sherwood. *Chamberlain*, A. T. McCord.
Clerk, Charles Daly. Office, City Hall, Market Square.
 Population, by census, Oct. 1842.—15,661.

BIBLE AND TRACT SOCIETY.

President, Hon. J. H. Dunn. *Secretaries*, W. McMaster,
 and Lucius O'Brien, M. D. *Depositary*, James Carless.
Yonge Street.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, M. D.

President, E. W. Thompson,
Secretary, Geo. D. Wells, Office, 150, King St.
Treasurer, William Atkinson.

The *Fairs* and *Fat Cattle Show* take place in front of the
 New Gaol and Court House on the second Wednesday of
 May and October in each year.

TORONTO HOSPITAL.

Trustees.—Dr. Widmer, J. F. Smith, H. D. Grassett, W.
 Ross, G P. Ridout, J. R. Armstrong, Esqrs. *Steward*, J. Sin-
 clair.

TORONTO MECHANIC'S INSTITUTE, 1831.

President, W. T. Leach, M.A. *Secretary*, C. Sewell, King
 Street. Library and Lecture Room in Market Buildings.

TEMPERANCE REFORMATION SOCIETY, 1840.

Treasurer, Jesse Ketchum Esq. *Secretary*, Alex. Christie,
 King Street. This society now embraces upwards of 2000
 members.

Collector of Customs. W.M. Kelly, Office, Yonge St. Wharf.

MARRIAGE LICENSE AGENTS.

A. Mercer, *Toronto*; J. Sinclair, *Richmond Hill*; G. Alley,
Orillia; W. Boswell, *Whitby*; W. Osler, *Bond Head*; S.F.
 Jarvis, *Toronto Township*.

The Post Office Department.

Important changes have been ordered by the Home Go-
 vernment in the management of this department in Canada.
 The rates of postage are to be diminished, and the patronage
 hitherto vested in the Deputy Postmaster General will be ex-
 ercised by the Governor. With faithful and responsible Coun-
 cillors this additional power in the Executive may be made
 greatly conducive to the public good.

QUEEN'S COLLEGE, KINGSTON.

PROFESSORS.

<i>Logic and Mental Philosophy,</i>	T. Liddell, D.D
<i>Classics and Modern Languages,</i>	P. C. Campbell, A.M.
<i>Mathematics and Natural Philosophy,</i>	James Williamson,
Annual charge for Tuition, £10.	

KING'S COLLEGE.

The foundation of this institution was laid by Sir Chas. Bagot, with great pomp and ceremony, on the 23rd of April last, and the building is now in progress. The site chosen for its erection is admirable—the style of its architecture appears to be chaste and beautiful; and every good citizen would rejoice in its completion and success, were its foundation and design consistent with the rights and interests of men. It is quite otherwise, however, being of an essentially sectarian and illiberal character, and there is reason to fear that it will be only a nursery for priestcraft, intolerance and error,—an antagonist to the spread of knowledge, and the enjoyment of liberty and peace.

CONGREGATIONAL ACADEMY, TORONTO.

Treasurer, John Roaf. | *Tutor*, Adam Lillie.

VICTORIA COLLEGE, COBOURG.

THE FACULTY.—Rev. Egerton Ryerson, D.D., *Principal, with the Department of Theology and Moral Science*; Rev. J. Hurlburt, A.M., *Professor of the Greek Language and Literature*; Rev. D. C. Vannorman, A.M., *Professor of the Latin Language and Literature*; W. Kingston, A.M., *Professor of Mathematics, with the charge of the English Department*; Rev. J. Spencer, *Teacher in the English Department*.

Rev. John Beatty, *Treasurer*, | Mr. Robert Webster, *Steward*.

Election Law.

Sec. I. Repeals all former Acts relative to Elections.

II. Elections to be held in each Township or Ward as the case may be.

IV. Townships not entitled to hold Town Meetings to be included in the next Townships, both forming one Electoral Township.

VI. Poll to be held where the last Town Meeting was held, and in Cities, at such places in each Ward as the Returning Officer shall appoint.

VII. The Elector to vote only in such Township or Ward within which the property in right of which he votes lies, and no other, under the penalty of £10.

VIII. Returning Officers may require Electors or Candidates to make oath or affirmation, that they have not before

voted at such polling place or any other during said election.

XI. Polls to be kept open two days only, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

XVI. Returning Officer required to take the bribery oath.

XVIII. Returning Officer or Candidate may require voters to take the bribery oath.

XXV. Returning Officer a Magistrate for the time being, with power to apprehend disturbers of the peace, to appoint special Constables and others to assist him in doing so.

XXVII. Returning Officer empowered to seize all offensive weapons found on the persons of electors or others, refusal to give up which, punishable by fine, not exceeding £25 and imprisonment not exceeding three Calendar months.

XXVIII. Persons convicted of a Battery within two miles of the Poll punishable as above.

XXIX. Candidates convicted of Bribery forfeit their election.

XXX—I. Persons Convicted of Bribery exposed to a fine not exceeding £100. and if an elector, his vote struck from the Poll Book.

XXXIII. Keeping open Houses and hiring of conveyances to promote the elections of a Candidate, declared unlawful.

All persons who have not resided six calendar months, except the Returning Officer, Poll Clerk and Constables, in such Township or Ward, not to approach within two miles of the Poll, with offensive weapons—punishable by fine not exceeding £50, and imprisonment for six months.

The above is a synopsis of one of the most important acts, if not the most important one, to which the royal assent has been given since the union of the Canadas, and we may regard this assent as a sort of pledge that the Queen's government really intend to do justice to this long misgoverned country. Her Majesty having thus acknowledged the necessity of a law in this province, to secure the freedom of the exercise of the most sacred right and highest privilege of freemen; the elector has now a most important duty to perform,—to sustain that freedom and to preserve the *purity* of elections.

In a representative government like ours the *power of voting* is the great moral lever by which the machinery of Responsible Government is to be moved; there is no other peaceful manner in which public sentiment can be brought to bear upon its administration. This doctrine is now happily recognized by the highest authority in the land, and it is for the electors now to sustain and adorn it by acting with uprightness, fidelity, and intelligence at the poll.

There is a moral power and grandeur about a peaceful election which ought to repress all desire to advance mere party interests or private gain,—here there is no need of effigies or processions, drums or fifes, flags or party banners; this busi-

ness of reason can very well be conducted without such aid,—for here come the majesty of the people to vindicate their rights, redress their grievances, and uphold the institutions of the country.

The State Church and Priesthood.

“Sirs, Ye know that by this craft we have our wealth.”—DEMETRIUS.



SYMBOL OF USURPATION.

from the half-starved vicar to the lordly prelate, puts this interrogatory to the people of Canada, “Is this a *rich* church? No!—a thousand times no,—it is a *poor* church!” England and Wales contained, in 1831, a population of thirteen millions of inhabitants, so that the average charge upon every individual was equal to a tax of five shillings, per annum. The same writer being taken as authority, the people may discover the bearing of the same sect and its designs, if permitted to work them out in Canada, from the following statement:—

INSIGNIA OF



PRIESTCRAFT.

“Were the whole *Reserves* sold for £1,000,000, and invested at six per cent, they would produce 240 000 dollars, per annum. which, supposing a priest to every township, would give each a nett annuity of 600 dollars, besides the 400 acres of glebe land to each rectory.” He again puts the question to the people—“Would this be a rich church, clothed in gold, purple, and fine linen?—far, far from it, it would be an essentially *poor* church, and still require aid and help!”

QUERY.—How much did the primitive church cost the public? *Not one farthing.* It was sustained alone by the freewill-offerings of the members of the christian community. There is neither example nor precept in the New Testament for any pecuniary exaction from unbelievers, far less the employment of civil laws or human authority to enforce submission to such an impost.

Its injustice.—It extorts those vast sums by the power of the state without any regard for human poverty and wretchedness, or any respect for the rights of property or conscience. It appeals not to the intelligence and piety of a people nor refers to New Testament authority for its support—such appeals would be in vain. It therefore reasons with the sword of the of the civil ruler, and determines by force that one tenth of the

produce of the soil in England, and one-seventh of the whole land in Canada, is justly due to one religious sect, and only a miserable pittance for its priestly services, although thrust upon and contemned by the great majority of the community. Moreover, to swell its numbers, in order to justify its rapacity, while other denominations reckon only their actual communicants, it reckons as peculiarly its own, the vast multitudes in society, having no pretensions to any religion whatever!

QUERY.—Does the New Testament sanction robbery or hypocrisy in any form to sustain religion?—far from it! Its first principles teach justice, benevolence, and mercy as due to all men in the fear of God.

Its corrupting tendency and influence.—Professing to be the bulwark of protestantism it prays thus—

“From the tyranny of the Bishop of Rome and all his detestable enormities, Good Lord deliver us.”—*See the Prayer Book of King Edward VI.*

yet it has by its intolerance and corruption greatly increased the Romish heresy in the mother country. Always of a semi-popish character itself, it has of late by its Puseyism, given evidence of a rapid approximation and return to the Papacy, which it styles a sister church. By the wicked assumption of apostolic authority for its teachers, however ignorant or debased, it labours to suppress liberty of conscience—to subvert the authority of Divine Truth, and the exercise of human judgment upon the Revelation of God. It, on all occasions, presents the Prayer Book to its votaries, as of equal or superior importance to the Word of Life, and claims implicit submission to its dogmas.

QUERY.—How are men to be saved from error, and made true converts to christianity?—not by intolerance or persecution—not by the belief of human opinions or creeds—but by the sound practical knowledge and belief of the truths of the New Testament, which, happily, is accessible to every one in the present day, aside from the pernicious and destructive errors of hireling teachers.

Its character and results.—Like other errors and superstitions of the world, the church and state scheme, formed by human ingenuity in a remote age, but essentially based on ignorance and folly, has been handed down to us in a stereotype character, claiming a divine original, just as the absurdities of the religion of Mahometans or Hindoos. It exhibits also, its appropriate feature *caste*, or a privileged order of men, usurping authority over the human mind, claiming exemption from ordinary labour, and a right to the public wealth, and awing the multitudes into submission, just in proportion to their ignorance of divine laws and human rights. The Indian Brahmin teaches that there is no salvation out of the pale of Hindooism—the English Brahmin, that there is none out of the State Church. Under such dominion “darkness covereth the earth, and gross darkness the people.” A proud, pampered, and anti-christian clergy (and such are the inevitable fruits of ecclesiastico-political establishments) have always produced an ignorant, irreligious and debased people.

QUERY.—Has the subtle scheme of establishing a state-paid priesthood any analogy to primitive christianity? has the experience of ages proved its adaptation as an instrument to convert the world? has it even subverted the purpose of civil government in securing popular peace where a spirit of intelligence prevailed? The very reverse is the fact—corruption and misery, ignorance and disquietude have marked its existence in every age up to our own day. *Yet to build up the same rotten and injurious system in this country there has been wrung from the people of Canada by the LORDS SPIRITUAL of England, with the aid of their "Familiars" in the province, a vast amount of productive property known as the CLERGY RESERVES, whose value will advance with the increase of our population, and if the monopoly, be tolerated, will extend the power of an enormous priestly usurpation, as an accumulative curse to future generations.*

Water from the Rivers of Wisdom.

LIGHT AND DARKNESS.—It is easy to exclude the noon-tide light by closing the eyes; and it is easy to resist the clearest truth, by hardening the heart against it, *Keith.*

CREATION AND REDEMPTION.—When feelings of wonder at the magnitude of the universe, and the harmony perceptible in all its parts, fill the mind; at such a moment let us remember that he who made all these glorious objects and still keeps them in their courses, nevertheless came down from heaven, took upon him the form of a servant, and ended a life of sorrow by a death of pain, that he might reconcile a fallen world to an offended God.—*Hall.*

THE BIBLE.—I will answer for it, the longer you read the bible the more you will like it; it will grow sweeter and sweeter; and the more you get into the spirit of it the more you will get into the spirit of Christ.—*Romaine.*

DUTY.—Duties are ours: events are God's. This removes an infinite burden from the shoulders of a miserable, tempted dying creature. On this consideration only can he securely lay down his head and close his eyes.—*Cecil.*

ACTIVE LIFE.—"Life is but a short day; but it is a working day.—activity may lead to evil; but inactivity cannot lead to good."—Whatsoever thine hand findeth to do, do it with all thy might.—*Solomon.*

INFIDELITY FOUND WANTING.—Where has infidelity ever purified a heart, or blessed a family, or enriched and tranquillized a community, or built an hospital, or opened an assylum for orphans, or, in short, done any good thing?—*Dr. Morrison.*

FOLLY OF INFIDELITY.—To reject the Gospel because bad men pervert it, and weak men deform it and quarrel about it, and bigoted men look down on others, and curse them, because they do not agree in every tittle among themselves, displays the same folly, as if a person should cut down a tree bearing abundance of delicious fruit, and furnishing a refreshing shade, because caterpillars disfigured the leaves, and spiders made their webs among the branches.—*Bogue.*

AFFLICTIONS.—It is not the will of God to give us more trouble than will bring us to live by faith simply on him; he loves us too well to give us a moment of uneasiness.—*Romaine.*

THE CHRISTIANS GOD.—We can never be where God is not, nor where he sees and loves us not. He is our Father, our God for ever. He takes us from earth, that He may lead us to Heaven, that He may refine our nature from all its principles of Corruption, share with us His own immortality, admit us to His everlasting habitation, and crown us with his eternity.—*Greenwood.*

Ireland and Canada.

To the Farmer of this Country whom we often hear complain of the length and severity of a Canadian winter, the low price of produce and the scarcity of money, we present the following description of the homestead of the cultivator of the soil in Ireland.

Four mud walls with one entrance, and frequently without either window or chimney, constitutes the Farm house,—if a window be indulged in, it consists of a single pane of glass

built in with the wall: There is a door way but frequently no door, its place being supplied by a straw mat, the chimney, if there be one, is a square frame of wood work, wrapped round with wattles of hay plastered with clay. The smoke seldom indeed escapes by its lawful chimney, but makes its way through the roof, wall, and door. The general aspect of these hovels at a distance, is that of a heap of dung reeking with the steam of their own fermentation.

The Farm consists generally of *an acre of ground*, which is cropped with potatoes oats and flax. The farmer has seldom a bedstead and sometimes not even a trucklebed frame. Sheets are seldom known, and his blankets are scanty and tattered, his food is almost intirely potatoes and milk, and his fuel turf.

No Country upon Earth, says Mr. Bryan in his "practical views of Ireland" has exhibited so stern an evidence of the power of a *Constitutional Oligarchy* to counteract the bounties of heaven, as Ireland. Her soil has been proved by the clearest experiments to be superior to that of England, yet five Millions of acres (Crown Reserves) are to this day undisturbed by the plough or spade—her Seas abound with fish, and some of the finest brooks are in sight of her shores—yet the Irish Farmer on the first failure of the potatoe crop, dies of hunger.

In this country (Ireland) there are capacious jails, extensive barracks, and crowded Hospitals—in their neighbourhood the clay built habitations of the people whose food is roots—drink water—and beds straw—all manifesting their moral and physical degradation. Five sixths of the population are Roman Catholics, yet from the hard earnings of such people are wrung annually and in many cases at the point of the bayonet £600,000, sterling, to support a *Protestant Clergy*!

Temperance.

Decrease of crime in Ireland.—Lord Morpeth stated at a public dinner in Dublin, that arrests for assaults upon the person, had decreased under the influence of the Temperance Reformation, according to the following ratio:

In 1837.....	12,096.
1838.....	11,058.
1839.....	1,077.
1840.....	only 773.

Is not a cause producing results so salutary, deserving of universal commendation and support? Surely it is.

An interesting fact.—At the great Croton celebration, in New York, in the month of October, when about 200,000 persons had assembled to rejoice in the introduction of **PURE WATER** from the Croton River, upwards of 40 miles distant from the City—when all classes had for a time released themselves from business, to enjoy the festivities of the occasion—

It was stated by a careful observer, that not three cases of intoxication was discovered among so vast an assemblage! What power has produced this mighty change? Knowledge—persuasion, and example. Moderation may have preserved its thousands—Total Abstinence has recovered its tens of thousands, who were hastening to the drunkards grave, and made them blessings to society.

Suicides.—Those men who destroy a healthful constitution of body, by Intemperance, and an irregular life, do as manifestly kill themselves, as those who hang, or poison, or drown themselves.—*Sherlock.*

Responsibility of Drunkards.—Persons guilty of crime when drunk, must suffer punishment of the laws when sober.—In Ancient Greece a man received a double punishment in such cases—viz.—one for the crime itself, and another for the inebriety which led to it.—The Athenians also, inflicted severe punishment, and made intemperance in a Magistrate a Capital offence. What a reduction of the Magistracy in Canada, would this law of the Athenians make, were it enforced!

TRUTH.—Truth, whether in or out of fashion, is the measure of knowledge, and the business of the understanding; whatsoever is besides that, however authorised by consent, or recommended by rarity, is nothing but ignorance or something worse.—*Locke.* Whoever knew truth put to the worse in a free and open encounter?—*Milton.*

A TABLE,

Showing the number of days from any day in one month, to the same day in any other month. Very useful in Banking business.

Fr Jan. to —	Feb.	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sep.	Oct.	Nov	Dec
Jan 365	31	59	90	120	151	181	212	243	273	304	334
Feb 334	365	28	59	89	120	150	181	212	242	273	303
Mar 306	337	365	31	61	92	122	153	184	214	245	275
Apr 275	306	334	365	30	61	91	122	153	183	214	244
Ma 245	276	304	335	365	31	61	92	123	153	184	214
Jun 214	245	273	304	334	365	30	61	92	122	153	183
Jul 184	215	243	274	304	335	365	31	62	92	123	153
Aug 153	184	202	243	273	304	334	365	31	61	92	122
Sep 122	153	181	212	242	273	303	334	365	30	60	91
Oct 92	123	151	182	212	243	273	304	335	365	31	61
Nov 61	92	120	151	181	212	242	273	304	334	365	30
Dec 31	62	90	121	151	182	212	243	274	304	335	365

NOTE.—Find in the first column, the month from which you reckon, then draw a line across, till you are under the required month, and you have the number of days sought for.

☞ Should it be leap year, and the 29th of February be included you must add one day.

TABLE OF EXPENSES, INCOME, OR WAGES;

Shewing what any sum from £1 to £1000 per Year, is per Month, Week, or Day.

Per Year.	Per Month.	Per Week.	Per Day.	Per Year.	Per Month.	Per Week.	Per Day.
£ s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1 0	1 8	0 4½	0¾	13 0	1 1 8	0 5 0	0 0 8½
1 10	2 6	0 7	1	13 13	1 2 9	0 5 3	0 0 9
2 0	3 4	0 9¼	1¼	14 0	1 3 4	0 5 4½	0 0 9½
2 2	3 6	0 9¾	1½	14 14	1 4 6	0 5 8	0 0 10
2 10	4 2	0 11½	1¾	15 0	1 5 0	0 5 9	0 0 10
3 0	5 0	1 1¾	2	15 15	1 6 3	0 6 0½	0 0 10¼
3 3	5 3	1 2½	2	16 0	1 6 8	0 6 2	0 0 10½
3 10	5 10	1 4¼	2¼	16 16	1 8 0	0 6 5½	0 0 11
4 0	6 8	1 6½	2¾	17 0	1 8 4	0 6 6½	0 0 11½
4 4	7 0	1 7½	2¾	17 17	1 9 9	0 6 10½	0 1 0
4 10	7 6	1 8¾	3	18 0	1 10 0	0 6 11	0 1
5 0	8 4	1 11	3¼	18 18	1 11 6	0 7 3	0 1 0½
5 5	8 9	2 0¼	3½	19 0	1 11 8	0 7 3	0 1 0½
5 10	9 2	2 1½	3¾	20 0	1 13 4	0 7 8	0 1 1
6 0	10 0	2 3¾	4	30 0	2 10 0	0 11 6	0 1 8
6 6	10 6	2 5	4¼	40 0	3 6 8	0 15 4½	0 2 2
6 10	10 10	2 6	4½	50 0	4 3 4	0 19 3	0 2 9
7 0	11 8	2 8¼	4½	60 0	5 0 0	1 3 1	0 3 3½
7 7	12 3	2 10	4¾	70 0	5 16 8	1 6 11	0 3 10
7 10	12 6	2 10½	5	80 0	6 13 4	1 10 9	0 4 4½
8 0	13 4	3 1	5¼	90 0	7 10 0	1 14 7	0 4 11
8 8	14 0	3 2¾	5½	100 0	8 6 8	1 18 5½	0 5 6
8 10	14 2	3 3¼	5½	200 0	16 13 4	3 16 11	0 10 11
9 0	15 0	3 5½	6	300 0	25 0 0	5 15 4	0 16 5
9 9	15 9	3 7½	6¼	400 0	33 6 8	7 13 10	1 1 10
10 0	16 8	3 10	6½	500 0	41 13 4	9 12 3	1 7 5
10 10	17 6	4 0½	7	600 0	50 0 0	11 10 9	1 12 10
11 0	18 4	4 3	7¼	700 0	58 6 8	13 9 3	1 18 4
11 11	19 3	4 5¼	7½	800 0	66 13 4	15 7 8	2 3 10
12 0	20 0	4 7½	8	900 0	75 0 0	17 6 2	2 9 4
12 12	21 0	4 10	8¼	1000 0	83 6 8	19 4 7	2 14 9

RECIPES.

Grafting Trees.—The best grafting wax is made of 1lb. Pitch, 1lb. Rosin, ½lb. Bees Wax, ¼lb. Hogs Lard, ¼lb of raw Turpentine melted together.—When in a warm state it may be spread with a brush, on moderately thin brown paper, and when cold, the paper may be cut into stripes, about ¾ inch for use. When a scion has been fitted to the stock, warm one of the strips with the breath, and bind it round both, pressing gently

with the hand, when it will be found to adhere so closely as to exclude both air and moisture.—Fruit trees are found to grow best on declivities.—A small quantity of Lime thoroughly mixed with the mould, is said greatly to ensure their rooting and future growth, (4 bushels do an acre.)

Dressing Ointment for Canker in Horses.—Tar 1lb. Tallow 1lb. Verdigrise in fine powder 4 ounces—mix together.

Dressing Ointment for Cattle.—Tallow 3 pounds—Tar, Rosin, and Spirits Turpentine, each 1lb. Blue Vitriol, Oil of Vitriol, and Alum each 5 ounces—mix carefully for use.

To give the flavour of smoke to meat.—Take Pyroligneous Acid (or Essence of Smoke) and give your Meat two or three coats with a painter's brush; then hang up to dry.—This simple process saves both time and expense.

Economy in feeding Horses.—By crushing or bruising Oats, or soaking them a few hours with hot water, it is affirmed a Horse will become fatter on half his usual allowance.

To Restore musty flour.—Mix $\frac{1}{2}$ Dram of common Magnesia, with every pound of flour, and it will greatly improve your bread.

To stop Ravages of Caterpillars from Shrubs Plants, and Vegetables.—Take a chafing dish with lighted charcoal, and place it under the branches of the tree, or bush, whereon are the caterpillars; then throw a little brimstone on the coals. The vapour of the sulphur, which is mortal to these insects, and the suffocating fixed air arising from the charcoal, will not only destroy all that are on the tree, but will effectually prevent the shrubs from being at that season, infested with them. A pound of sulphur will clear as many trees as grow on several acres.

Another method of driving these insects off fruit-trees is, to boil together a quantity of rue, wormwood, and common tobacco (of each equal parts), in common water. The liquor should be very strong. Sprinkle this on the leaves and young branches every morning and evening during the time the fruit is ripening.

To Whiten Straw Hats.—First wash them with soap and water then place in a box along with burning sulphur for an hour.

Excellent Blacking.—Ivory black, ground fine, 4 ounces; treacle, 2 ounces; vinegar, $\frac{3}{4}$ of a pint; spermaceti oil, a tea-spoonful. If the ingredients are of the best qualities, this blacking will be found exceedingly good. Mix the oil with the black first, then add the treacle, and lastly the vinegar.

To Purify Water for Domestic and other Purposes—This method consists in placing horizontally, in the midst of a common water butt, a false bottom, perforated with a great number of little holes. The butt being thus divided into two

equal parts, the upper is filled with pieces of charcoal, which must be neither too large nor too small, thoroughly burned, light, and well washed. Immediately under the cock, by which the water enters the butt, must be placed a small hollow cylinder, being merely to break the force of the water, and prevent it from falling upon the charcoal with such violence as to detach from any particles of dirt, and wash them through into the lower receptacle; it is of little consequence of what material it is made. This contrivance might be made subservient to the interests of agriculture as well as domestic economy; and it would be highly advantageous to provide water thus filtered for the cattle during the whole of the dog days, and particularly when the ponds and streams are infected by the rotting of hemp and flax.

To Clean Paper Hangings.—Cut into eight pieces a stale quartern loaf: with one of these pieces after having blown off all the dust from the paper to be cleaned by means of a good pair of bellows, begin at the top of the room holding the crust in the hand, and wiping lightly downward with the crumb about half a yard at each stroke, till the upper part of the hangings is completely cleaned all round: then go again round with the like sweeping stroke downward, always commencing each successive course a little higher than the upper stroke had extended till the bottom be finished. This operation if carefully performed, will frequently make very old paper look almost equal to new. Great caution must be used not by any means to rub the paper hard nor to attempt cleaning it the cross or horizontal way. The dirty part of the bread too must be each time cut away, and the pieces renewed as soon as at all necessary.

How to Prognosticate the Summer.—When there has been no particular storm about the time of the Spring Equinox, (March 21,) if a storm arise out of the east, at or before that day, or if a storm from any point of the compass, arise near a week after the equinox then in either of these cases, the succeeding summer is generally dry, four times in five. But if a storm arise from the S.W., or W.S.W. on or just before the Equinox, then the summer following is generally wet five times in six.

PREPARING FOR PUBLICATION,

NO. I. OF A SERIES OF

CHEAP TRACTS FOR THE PEOPLE,

ENTITLED,

The mode of conducting the Worship of God in the primitive
Apostolic Churches, as compared with modern usages.

The People's Almanac.—The increasing interest shewn in this publication induces the author to inform the public that subsequent numbers are designed to be of a *larger size and type*, with wood-cut illustrations.

DRY MEASURES FOR FARMERS, &c.—It frequently happens that measures for Grains, &c. are wanted by the Agriculturist when he cannot get them. Every man has skill enough to make good this deficiency, if he has by him some pine boards, nails, a saw and a hammer,—to such the following table of internal dimensions will be serviceable in making measures for a barrel, half-barrel, bushel, half-bushel, peck, half-peck, half-gallon, and quart, within a fraction of a cubic inch.

LENGTH.	BREADTH	DEPTH.	CUBIC INCHES.
A Box 24 in.	16 in.	28 in.	will contain a Barrel or 10,752
24	16	14	Half Barrel, 5376
16	$16\frac{8}{10}$	8	A Bushel, $2152\frac{4}{10}$
12	$11\frac{2}{10}$	8	Half Bushel, $1075\frac{2}{10}$
8	$8\frac{4}{10}$	8	A Peck, $537\frac{6}{10}$
8	8	$4\frac{2}{10}$	Half Peck, $268\frac{8}{10}$
7	4	$4\frac{8}{10}$	Half Gallon $134\frac{4}{10}$
4	4	$4\frac{2}{10}$	A Quart, $67\frac{2}{10}$

MAPLE SUGAR.—To clarify and produce a fine White Sugar, add to the sap required for 40 or 50 pounds of Sugar, about a pint of Corn Meal, to be put in while cold and boiled together.

Rapid Travelling from St. Andrews to St. George.



THE DIOCESAN RAIL-ROAD COMPANY have now opened up this line throughout. Passengers conveyed daily by their powerful Locomotive "**THE BEELZEBUB**," to the most distant RECTORIES. Poor Clergymen who have no conscientious scruples, nor fear of danger, may have a free passage in the front ear. P. S.—The Line *will not be responsible* for consequences.

PROCLAMATION!

"Give me a good salary and I'll be your minister."—AN OLD SAYING OF A BISHOP.



Whereas many persons have become the enemies of NATIONAL CHURCHES in these days, and sundry religious communities have cast off their hired clerical functionaries because of certain moral and other considerations: AND WHEREAS it seemeth good to "the SUCCESSORS of the APOSTLES" (albeit, it hath been difficult to afford clear evidence to the vulgar mind) to give to a people, *deplorably awakened*, demonstration of the reality of the unbroken chain of the succession, *the pure principles by which STATE CHURCHES are governed* and the *disinterested benevolence of the PRIESTHOOD*. NOW KNOW YE that ALL REJECTED CLERGYMEN of what denomina-

tion soever they may be, whose abilities are *moderate*, conscientiousness *small*, and worldly wisdom *large*, will, by the Episcopal benediction, be translated into the true line of the succession,—inducted into a parish, and furnished with a COMFORTABLE AND INDEPENDENT STIPEND *for life*, on application to Messrs. GOLD, SILVER, CRAFT, & Co.

Agents for the Oxford Apostles, No. 90, Dark Lane, Pusey Square.

P. S.—Orthodoxy being of more consequence than character, the *hard parts* of the Ordination Service will be passed over with that charity which "*covereth a multitude of sins.*"



